Subject: ICT Unit 1: Health, Safety and Ethics Lesson 2: Safety Precaution and Proper Care of Computer Equipment Presented by: Varun CHINTAMUNNEE

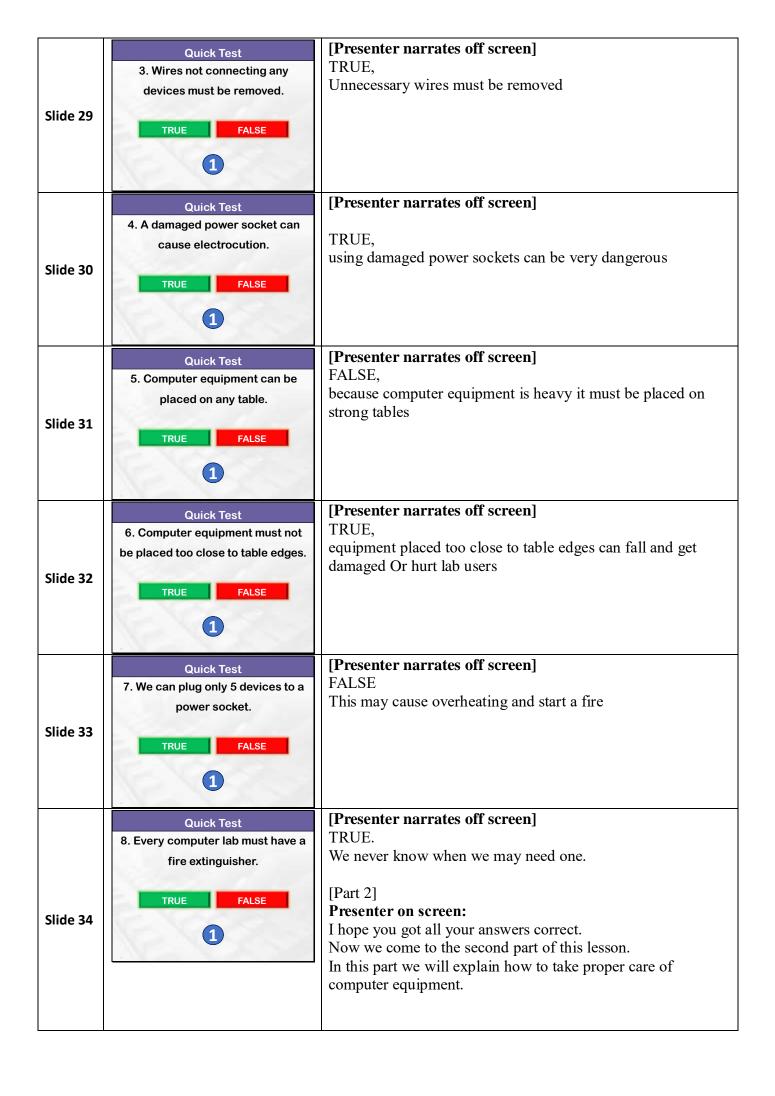
Slide 1	Unit 1 Health, Safety And Ethics Lesson 2 Safety precautions when using IGT tools. Guidelines for proper care of computer equipment	
Slide 2	Presenter on screen Hello students. Welcome to a new video lesson in the ICT for grade 7 series. In this lesson we are going to talk about safety and care. Let us start by looking at the objectives for today's lesson	[Presenter on screen] Hello students. Welcome to a new video lesson in the ICT for grade 7 series. In this lesson we are going to talk about safety and care. Let us start by looking at the objectives for today's lesson
	Lesson Objectives	[Presenter narrates off screen]
Slide 3	1. Adopt safety precautions when using ICT tools. 2. Guidelines for proper care of computer equipment.	[Objective 1] It is very important to adopt some safety precautions when you are in the computer lab. When we say safety, it concerns your safety as a user of ICT tools in a computer lab but also, the safety of your classmates, educators and other users of the lab [show picture of lab full of students] [Objective 2] We must not only keep people safe but we must also take good care of computer equipment. [Presenter] Let us start by talking about safety precautions we need to adopt when using ICT tools. Before we talk about precautions let us see which hazards exist in a computer lab.
Slide 4	Presenter on screen Let us start by safety precautions we need to adopt when using ICT tools. Before we talk about precautions let us see which hazards exist in a computer lab.	[next slide] Let us start by safety precautions we need to adopt when using ICT tools. Before we talk about precautions let us see which hazards exist in a computer lab.

Slide 5	Safety hazards in a computer lab 1. Electrical hazards 2. Tripping over trailing wires 3. Injury caused by heavy equipment falling 4. Risks of a fire outbreak.	There are four main safety hazards in a computer lab. These are: First - Electrical hazards Second - Tripping over trailing wires Third - Injury caused by heavy equipment falling and Fourth - Risks of fire a outbreak. Let us consider each safety hazard one by one and discuss the cause of these hazards We will also see which precautions we need to take to prevent each hazard [slide 4]
Slide 6	Electrical Hazards Risk of users getting electric shocks	[Presenter narrates off screen:] The first hazard is that of electrocution i.e. a user runs the risk of getting an electric shock Let us see how this may happen [slide 5]
Slide 7	Electrical Hazards Cause: Damaged power sockets Precaution: Do not switch on the computer if the power socket is damaged.	[Presenter narrates off screen] Cause: Damaged power sockets Precaution: Do not switch on the computer if the power socket is damage
Slide 8	Electrical Hazards Cause: Faulty equipment or Bare wires Precaution: Immediately report any faulty or malfunctioning equipment to your teacher	[Presenter narrates off screen] Cause: Faulty equipment or Bare wires Precaution: Immediately report any faulty or malfunctioning equipment to your teacher
Slide 9	Electrical Hazards Cause: Spilling drinks over computer equipment Precaution: Keep food and drinks away from electrical equipment	[Presenter narrates off screen] Cause: Spilling drinks over computer equipment Precaution: Keep food and drinks away from electrical equipment
Slide 10	Electrical Hazards Cause: inserting objects in the system unit or trying to open it while the computer is ON Precaution: Never open electrical devices because you are not trained for this.	[Presenter narrates off screen] Cause: inserting objects in the system unit or trying to open it while the computer is ON Precaution: Never open electrical devices because you are not trained for this.

Slide 11	Trailing Wires Risk of users falling by tripping over trailing wires Trailing Wires Cause: Long connecting cables lying on the floor Precaution: Place cables in cable ducts or cable raceways or even under carpets	[Presenter narrates off screen] The second hazard is the risk of users falling by tripping over trailing wires Not only can computer lab users get hurt, but equipment can also be damaged. [Presenter narrates off screen] Cause: Long connecting cables lying on the floor Precaution: Place cables in cable ducts or cable raceways or even under carpets
Slide 13	Trailing Wires Cause: Unnecessary wires not connected to any equipm Precaution: Remove wires that are not needed	[Presenter narrates off screen] Cause: Unnecessary wires not connected to any equipment Precaution: Remove wires that are not needed
Slide 14	Injury / Damage caused by heavy equipment falling Can seriously hurt lab users and cause damage to equipment	[Presenter narrates off screen] The next hazard is that of heavy equipment falling and hurting people in the computer lab Many items of computer equipment: System units, monitors, printers are very heavy; It can be a cause of serious injury if they fall on people
Slide 15	Injury / Damage caused by heavy equipment falling Cause: Equipment placed too close to table edges Precaution: Make sure that all equipment is strongly secured and is positioned away from the edge of desks and tables.	[Presenter narrates off screen] Cause: Equipment placed too close to table edges Precaution: Make sure that all equipment is strongly secured and is positioned away from the edge of desks and tables.
Slide 16	Injury / Damage caused by heavy equipment falling Cause: Unsuitable table/desk used to hold computer equipment. Precaution: Use specially made strong tables that can easily support the weight of heavy computer equipment.	[Presenter narrates off screen] Cause: Unsuitable table/desk used to hold computer equipment. Precaution: Use specially made strong tables that can easily support the weight of heavy computer equipment.

Slide 17	Risk of a fire outbreak Can hurt lab users and damage expensive equipment	[Presenter narrates off screen] The last hazard we are going to discuss today is that of a fire outbreak ICT devices require electrical power to function. Incorrect use of electrical equipment may cause overheating and start a fire.
Slide 18	Risk of a fire outbreak Causes Too meny devices plugged into a single power so ke Precaution: Do not plug too many devices into the same power socket. The computer lab must have plenty of power sockets.	[Presenter narrates off screen] Cause: Too many devices plugged into a single power socket Precaution: Do not plug too many devices into the same power socket. The computer lab must have plenty of power sockets.
Slide 19	Risk of a fire outbreak Cause: Leaving devices switched on and unattended for long time Precaution: Turn off the computer when you have finished your work	[Presenter narrates off screen] Cause: Leaving devices switched on and unattended for long time Precaution: Turn off the computer when you have finished your work
Slide 20	Risk of a fire outbreak • Every computer lab should be equipped with a fire extinguisher in case of any mishap.	[Presenter narrates off screen] Every computer lab should be equipped with a fire extinguisher in case of any mishap.
Slide 21	Presenter on screen So these were some safety precautions you need to adopt when using ICT tools. Let us have a quick recap of what we just learnt.	[Presenter on screen] So, these were some safety precautions you need to adopt when using ICT tools. Let us have a quick recap of what we just learnt.
Slide 22	Safety precautions to adopt when using ICT tools 1. To prevent Electrocution *Keep drinks away from computer equipment.	[Presenter narrates off screen] To prevent Electrocution Keep drinks away from computer equipment. Report malfunctioning equipment to your teacher.

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Presenter on screen [Presenter on screen] I hope you got all your answers correct. I hope you got all your answers correct. Now we come to the second part of this lesson. Now we come to the second part of this lesson. In this part we will explain how to take proper care of In this part we will explain how to take proper Slide 35 care of computer equipment. computer equipment. Computer equipment is expensive. So it is a Computer equipment is expensive. So, it is a good idea to good idea to know how to take care of it. Check know how to take care of it. Check out our guidelines. out our guidelines. [Presenter narrates off screen] Taking care of computer equipment Keep food and drinks away from computer Every computer lab should be equipped with a fire extinguisher in case of any mishap. Slide 36 Drinks may spill over and damage keyboards Food crumbs attract bugs and insects [Presenter narrates off screen] Taking care of computer equipment Every computer lab should be equipped with a fire 2. Never switch your computer ON and OFF too quickly. extinguisher in case of any mishap. Slide 37 Always wait at least 2 minutes before switching a computer ON again [Presenter narrates off screen] Taking care of computer equipment Every computer lab should be equipped with a fire 3. Do not use computers during heavy rains and lightning strikes. extinguisher in case of any mishap. Slide 38 This may cause power surges which may completely damage computer equipment [Presenter narrates off screen] Taking care of computer equipment Every computer lab should be equipped with a fire 3.Install an antivirus on your computer. 4 O G G G G extinguisher in case of any mishap. 🔯 💹 🔴 🚈 (e) 🔼 🗓 Slide 39 0 4 6 6 6 4 6 An antivirus will protect important files in your computer. Always scan external devices such as pen drives for viruses before use. [Presenter narrates off screen] Taking care of computer equipment Every computer lab should be equipped with a fire 4. Computers must be kept in a well ventilated room extinguisher in case of any mishap. Slide 40 This will prevent damage of computer equipment from overheating

